

Research and Monitoring Endangered Southern California Steelhead: What is a Steelhead?

2016 PACIFIC COAST STEELHEAD MANAGEMENT MEETING

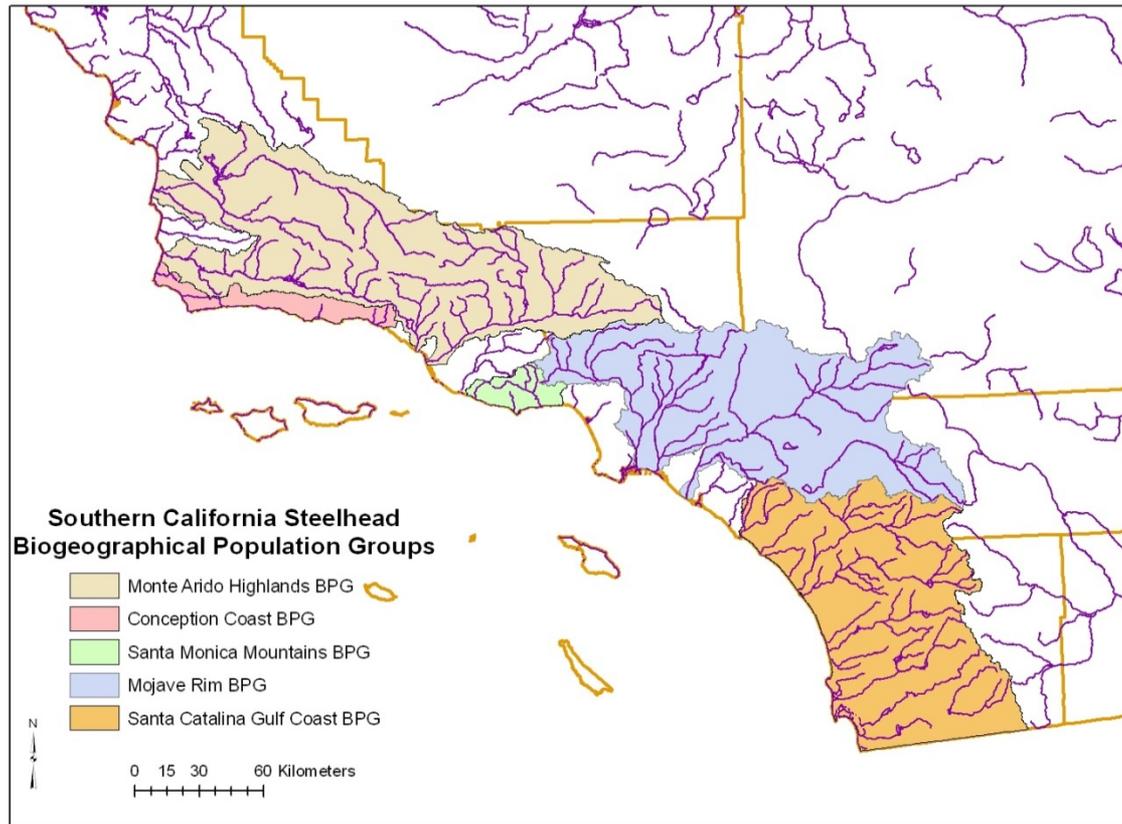


The People

- California Department of Fish and Wildlife:
 - Mary Larson, Senior Environmental Scientist, Supervisor
 - Dana McCanne, Environmental Scientist
 - Katherine McLaughlin, Environmental Scientist
 - Ben Lakish, Environmental Scientist
 - Mandy Wegmann, Scientific Aid
 - Andrea Dransfield, Scientific Aid
 - Terra Dressler, Scientific Aid
 - Paula Higginson, Scientific Aid
- Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission:
 - Sam Bankston, Fishery Biologist II
 - Jean Tsai, Fishery Biologist
 - Thomas van Meeuwen, Fishery Biologist
 - Kyle Evans, Fisheries Technician

Southern California Steelhead DPS

Five BPGs



Existing and Proposed* LCS sites



*Proposed in Southern California Steelhead Recovery Plan (NMFS,2012)

Current monitoring efforts

Lower Santa Ynez

Conception Coast

- Carpinteria Basin

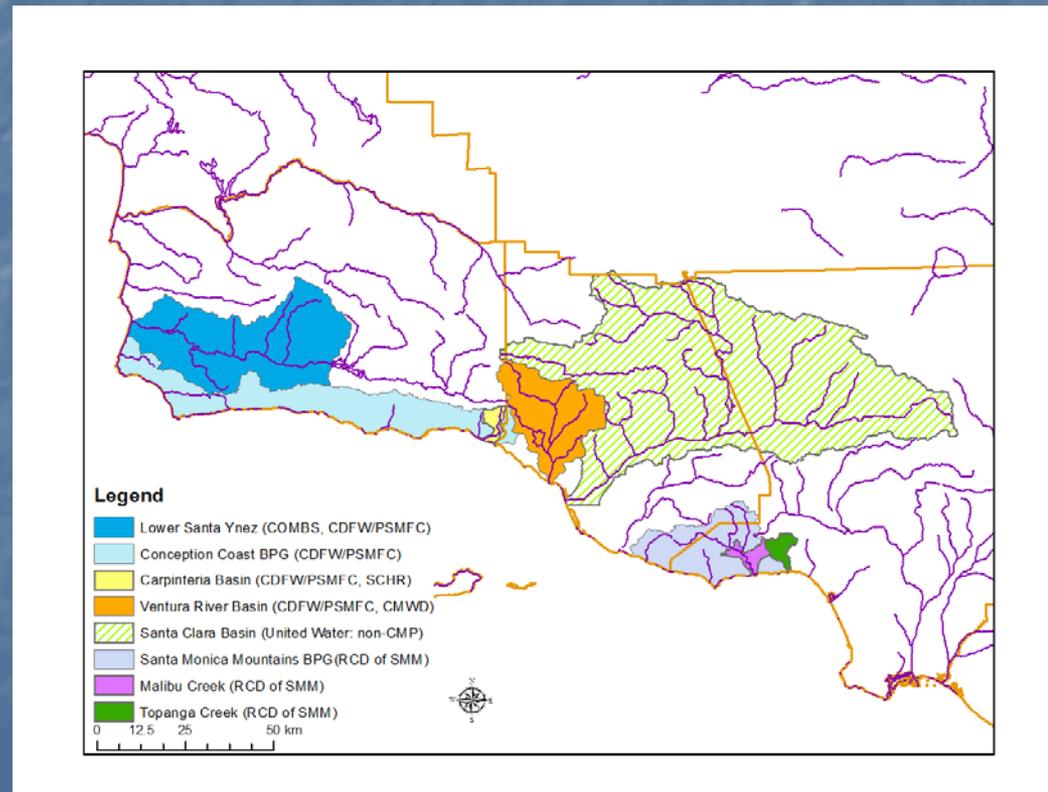
Ventura

Santa Clara (non-CMP)

Santa Monica

Mountains:

- Malibu Creek
- Topanga Creek



Fish Bulletin 180

Southern Monitoring Area

- Adult escapement
- Juvenile rearing distribution
- Life-cycle monitoring stations
- Research

NMFS Recovery Plan

Four Population-Level Recovery Criteria

- Mean annual run size (extinction risk <5% over 100 years)
- Ocean conditions (Run size criterion met during poor ocean conditions)
- Spawner Density
- Anadromous Fraction (N=100% of mean annual run size)

Viabile Salmonid Populations

- Population Size
- Population growth rate (productivity)
- Spatial Structure
- Diversity

NMFS Recovery Plan

Research Needs

- Population Monitoring in core watersheds
 - Rearing juveniles
 - Smolt out-migration
 - Adult escapement
- Research efforts in core watersheds to develop more refined biological recovery criteria

NMFS Recovery Plan

Research Focus Areas (Chapter 6)

- Reliability of migration corridors
- Productivity of freshwater tributary nursery areas
- Evaluation of role of seasonal lagoons
- Productivity of freshwater mainstem habitats
- Roles of intermittent freshwater habitat for both spawning and rearing
- Spawner density as an indicator of population viability
- Relationship between anadromous and non-anadromous forms and population structure and viability
- Dispersal rate between individual populations

Life Cycle Monitoring Stations

- LCS must be able to:
 - Estimate escapement
 - Estimate marine survival
 - Estimate freshwater survival
 - Assess spawning success
 - Juvenile rearing success (over-summering and winter growth and survival rates)
 - Investigate major life history traits

Investigate major life history traits from the Recovery Plan

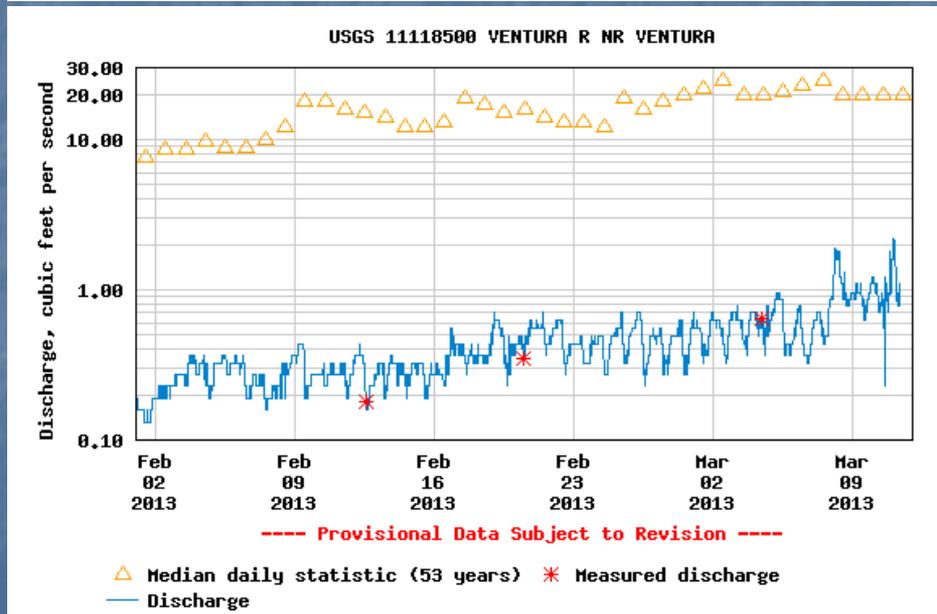
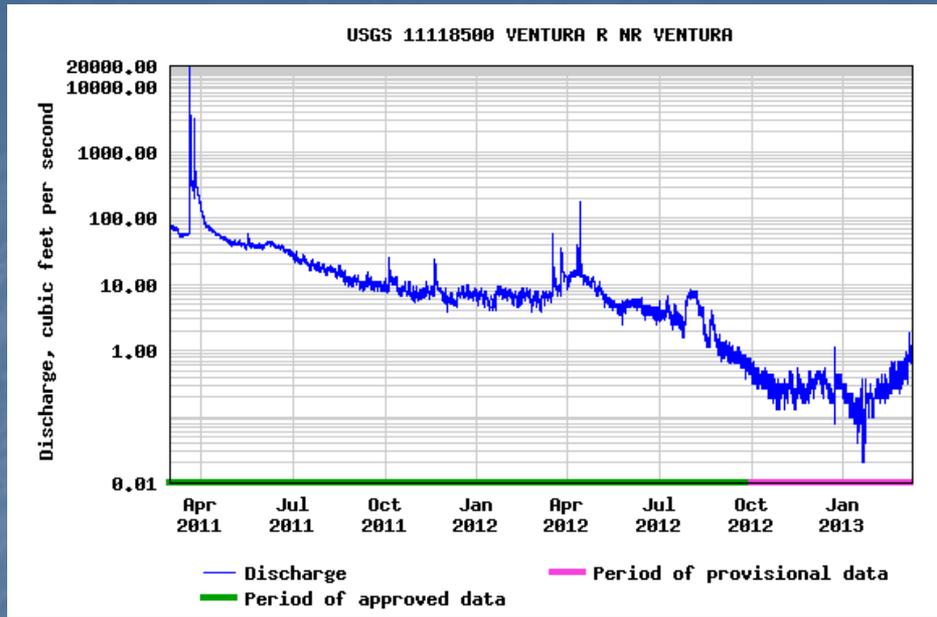
- **Anadromy/resident relationship**
- Sex ratio
- Age and size structure
- Habitat utilization patterns
- Emigration age (*size*) and timing
- Maturation patterns
- Run-timing
- Physiological tolerances

Life Cycle Monitoring Stations

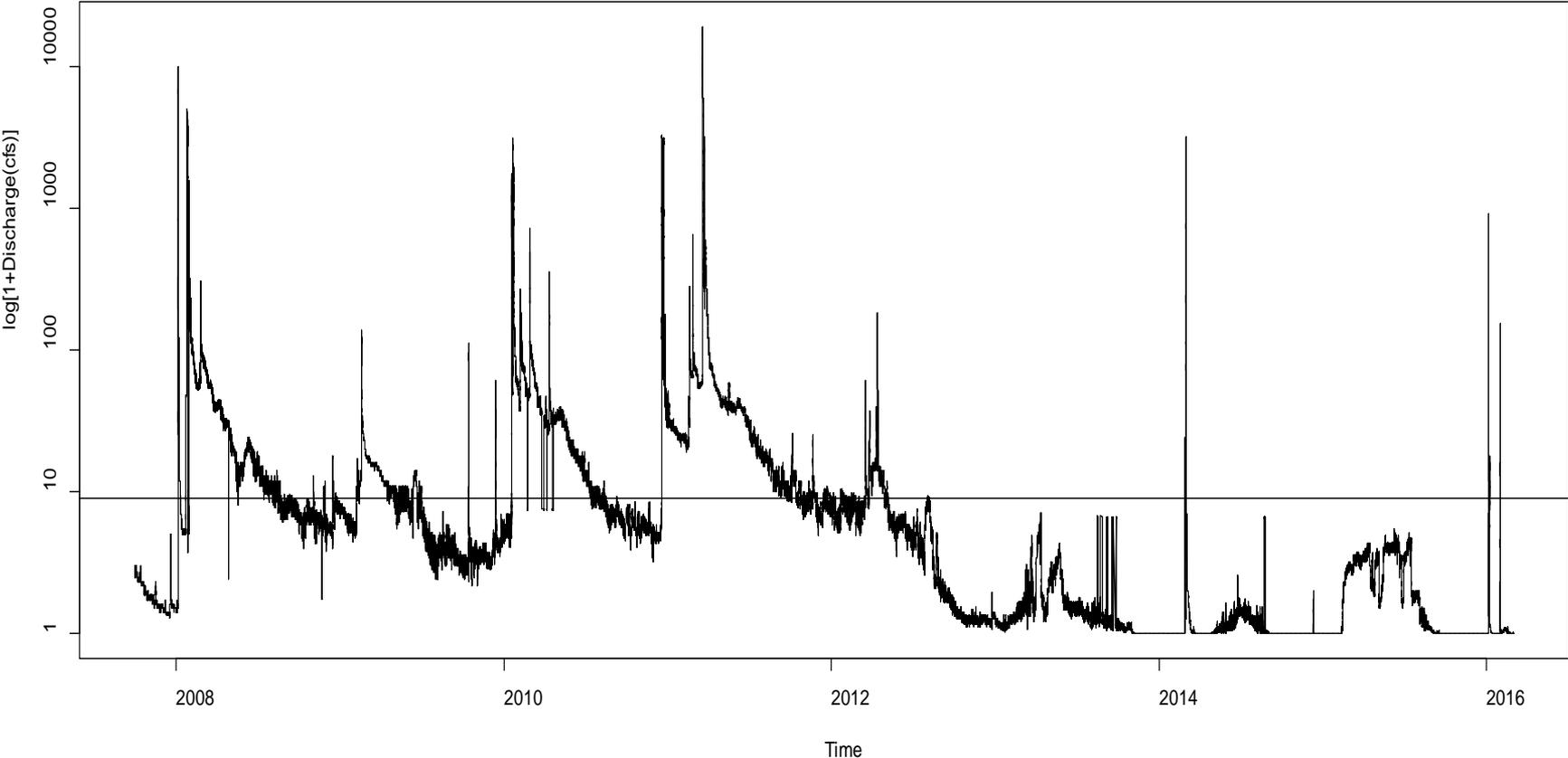
Initial steps

- DIDSON
 - Required for LCS
 - Adult steelhead counts coming in
 - Smolts leaving
- Redd surveys
 - All reaches in Carpinteria, Ventura, Topanga
 - Large Basins?
- Summer rearing
 - All reaches in Carpinteria, Ventura, Topanga
 - Large Basins as much as funding allows
 - Snorkel where conditions permit, otherwise efishing only
 - Calibrate snorkel counts with efishing and multi-pass dive counts
 - Lengths, scales, and genetic samples from a sample of handled fish

Problem getting started:
Not much rain



Flow data for USGS 11118500 Ventura River near Foster Park



How do you know if a particular *Oncorhynchus mykiss* is a steelhead or resident fish?

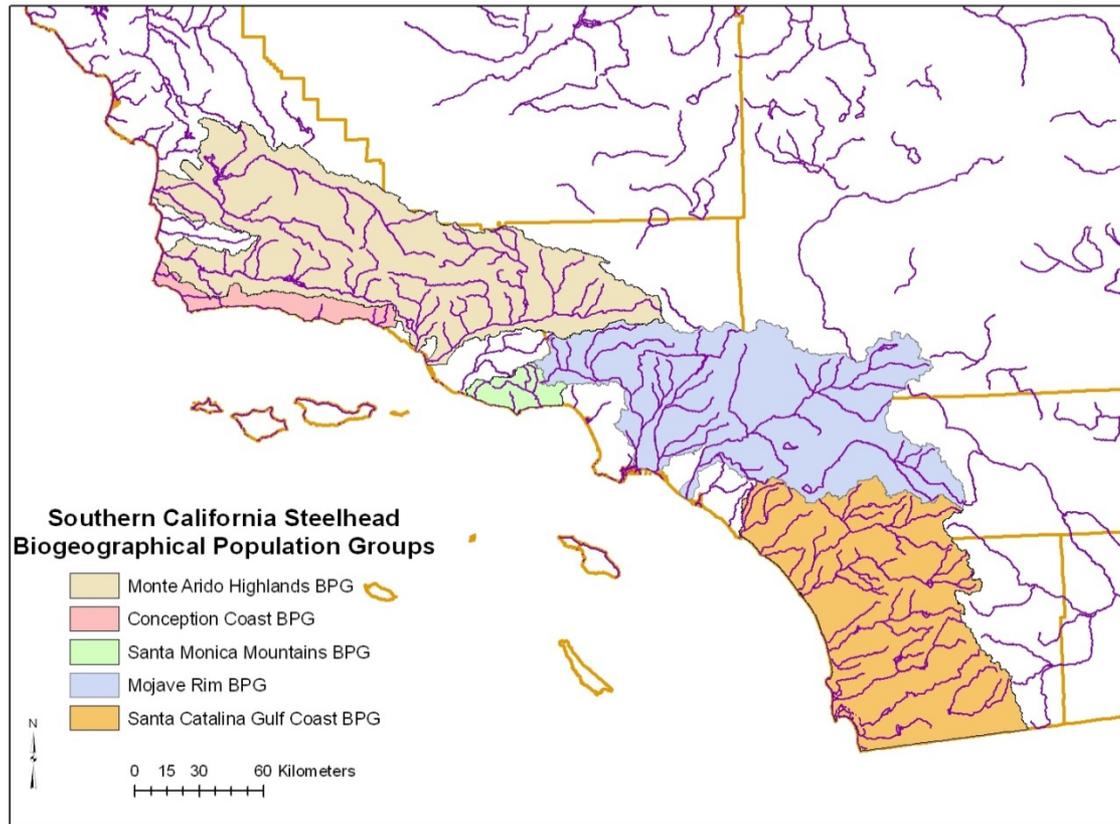
Steelhead – an *O. mykiss* that has gone to the ocean, will go to the ocean, or has a parent that was a steelhead



60 cm resident trout Ventura River



Where are the resident fish?



Questions or Comments?



Thank you:

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